

CyberSecurity for Non-Profits

TURNING DIGITAL EVIDENCE INTO INTELLIGENCE™



Ohio Society of CPAs May 2017



Today's Cyber Landscape

- You read the headlines
- You see the statistics





You're left wondering...

- Is it REALLY that bad?
- What's ACTUALLY going on out there?
- Why would my non-profit be a target?





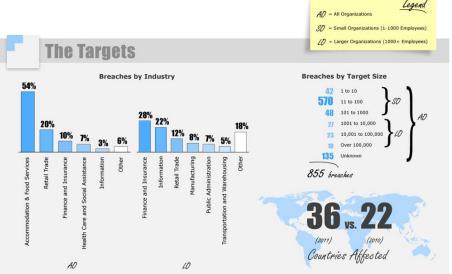
Today's Cyber Landscape

What's it look like out there?



By the Numbers

- Avg 63,000+ reported security incidents annually
- 2016: 1,093 breaches,
 36million + records exposed
- Average cost to organizations with 1000+ employees is \$7.7m
- The US Military Treats Cyber as one of five domains: air, sea, land, space and now cyber.-General Michael Hayden. Former Director CIA and NSA





Some more scary thoughts

- Cybercrime costs in US up 19%
- 2016 Data Breaches up 40% over 2015. Expected to continue to rise!
- Average cost of compromise \$3.4 million
- 66% of companies say it is likely or very likely they will experience an Advanced Persistent Threat (APT)... and
- 1 in 3 of those companies say they're not prepared







Why Should we care?

 C-Suite / Business Executive / Leadership Team misconceptions



 The organization has a firewall protecting them from OUTSIDER threats?



 The IT Department/Company/Parent Company handles their CyberSecurity?



• They are (fill in the blank) compliant...CyberSecurity is just not an issue...



 They (believe they) don't have anything sensitive that anyone would want?

This is you, right? I mean, how likely are non-profits to be a target?



This stuff doesn't apply to you, right?

- The Difference between Your Organization & Everyone Else...
 - You don't have financial info that someone would want
 - You don't have intellectual property of interest
 - No state secrets or geo-political information
 - Not enough records to warrant concern





So why should you care?

Case Studies



ALL of the following had:

- A firewall
- An IT Department/Company handling their CyberSecurity
- Didn't have anything they believed to be of value
- And were compliant with all regulations and compliancy requirements



Case Studies

- Down on the Pharm:
 The case of the digital bank heist
- Knock, knock...FBI who?
- A bad day in the IT Department
- Teach a Man to Phish: Business E-mail Compromises
- A bad day in the HR Department



Just a Few Headlines

- "Nonprofit Nightmare: Data Breach Exposes 10,000 Donors' Financial Records"
- "Nonprofits Face Costly Cyberthreats"
- "NonProfit Hacks: Too small to be hacked? Not!"
- "Hacked! Crooks are Grabbing Nonprofit Websites and Demanding Ransom"



Still think you're not a target?

 "...though there were initial questions as to why a foodbank would be targeted...[he] quickly came to learn that such <u>hacks are perpetrated by robots</u> who do not see information as having belonged to the food bank, but rather a <u>vulnerable IP address</u>."

It's not safe to turn on your computer.



From Our Perspective

- We are Electronic Evidence Experts
- Specialize in: Digital Forensics & CyberSecurity
 - 19 Years in CyberSecurity realm
 - 17 Years in Digital Forensics
 - Incident Response / Data Breach is a large percent of what we do.

We are parachuted in to organizations to solve problems



Experts at Applying our Knowledge

Closed-circuit

What we find "in the wild" helps us to help you be more

secure.





So what's really going on out there



Top Ten Threats

- Social Networks
- 2. Third Party Attacks
- 3. Internet of Things
- 4. Reputational Damage
- 5. Targeted Botnets
- 6. Data Privacy in the Cloud / Big Data
- Advanced Persistent Threat (APT) /Cyber Warfare
- 8. Ransomware
- 9. Phishing / Business E-mail Compromises
- 10. Skills Gap / Routine Maintenance Neglected





Social Networks

Personally Identifiable Information

- "Twenty Questions"
 - What was your most embarrassing moment?
 - Have I ever played hooky?
 - What was the name of my first elementary school?
 - What was my favorite pet's name?

Disclosure of whereabouts

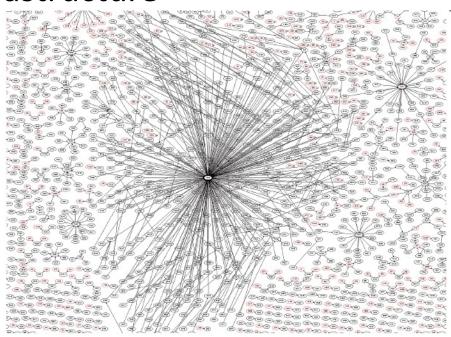
- "Looking forward to the family vacation next week at Disney World."
- Malware, Spyware
- Hoaxes
- Disclosure of Secrets
 - "Rumor has it the Acme Widgets acquisition fell through"
 - Working to troubleshoot a major software bug we just found"





Third Party Attacks

- Trusted Connections
- Upstream/Downstream Liability
- Shared Data, Shared Infrastructure
- Employees VPN





IoT: Insecurity of Things

- Ubiquity of Interconnected Devices
 - Designers not attentive to security needs
 - Novel uses of technology without forethought
 - Lack of standards
- Integrated with back-end systems





Targeted Botnets

- Thousands to Tens of Thousands of "drones" under control of attacker
- Wide Destruction
- Migration
 - Used to be: General targeting
 - Now: Targeted
 - DDOS More advanced (Adaptive)
 - Malware Delivery
 - Spam





Cloud Computing

- Tempting Target
 - Personal information
 - Passwords
 - Trusted "gateway" to other resources
 - APIs with vulnerabilities
 - "Mother-lode" for the successful attacker
 - Big Data = Big Target!
- Weak passwords / too many people with access





Advanced Persistent Threat (APT)/ Cyber Warfare

- You have something attacker wants:
 - Intellectual Property
 - Cash / Financial resource stream
 - E-mail addresses
 - Employee's names
 - Project names & participants
 - Back-door connectivity (trusted) to intended target
- Concerns:
 - Downstream liability
 - Upstream liability (3rd Party Liability)
 - Getting them the hell out of there







Ransomware

- Has become "big business" for criminal rings
- 100s of variants
- Bitcoin or other cyber currency
- Clock is ticking!





Phishing / Business Email Compromises (BEC)

- Plays on un-aware victims
- Getting harder to tell real from fake
- Spear-Phishing





Skills Gap / Maintenance Negligence

- Inability to find, hire & retain qualified individuals
 - Not identifying the "right" things to secure
 - Not monitoring/looking at things consistently
 - Too much to accomplish with too little resources
 - Failure to put Best Practices in place
 - Failure to properly maintain (on a consistent basis)
 - Failure to update security patches
 - Sunset versions
 - Passwords not expiring
 - Service accounts (especially default)
 - Elevated accounts for installed software/outsourced arrangements
 - Accounts not disabled
 - Poor Passwords



How You Become a target

- Crime of Opportunity
- Collateral Damage
- Part of an Unlucky "targeted" Group
- Purposefully Targeted
- Evolved & Evolving Landscape



Crime of Opportunity





Collateral Damage

- Someone else's system gets compromised
- Someone else's <u>e-mail</u> gets compromised
- Employee/Owner's credentials is compromised



Part of an Unlucky "targeted" Group

- Wrong place...wrong time
- Examples:
 - Retail
 - Financial Service
 - Professional Services
 - Manufacturing
 - "Group du jour"





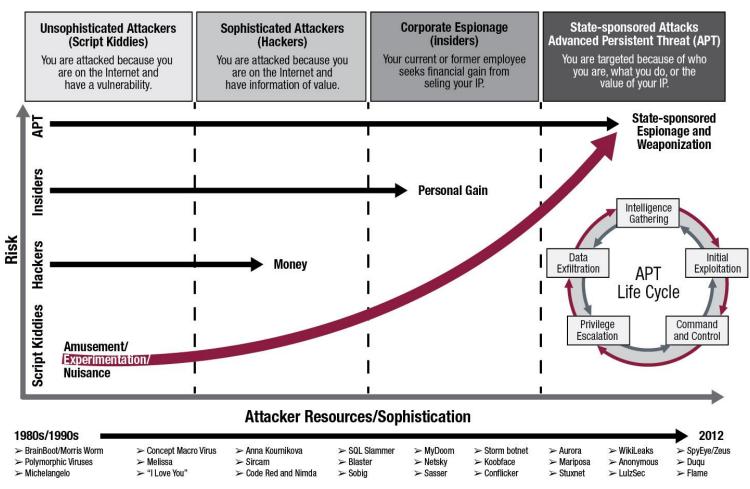
Purposefully Targeted

- Previous Victim
- Intellectual Property
- "Jumping Off" Point





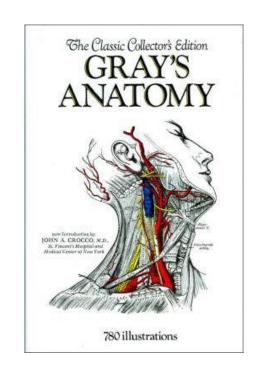
Evolved, and Evolving Landscape





Anatomy of a Breach

How the Bad Guys Get In, Stay In and Do Damage





The Impact

• Before we understand what...we need to understand why!



The Impact: Financial

- Costs
 - Lost productivity
 - Lost time & wages for those directly impacted
 - Investigative professionals
 - Legal advisory fees
 - Remediation
 - Notification
 - Customer/Employee Assistance (Call Center)
 - Credit Monitoring
 - Loss of Business
 - Public Relations
 - Litigation
 - Penalties



The Impact: Reputational

- Loss of Revenue surrounding Customer Confidence
- How were stakeholders handled
- Donors & other stakeholders



The Impact: Legal

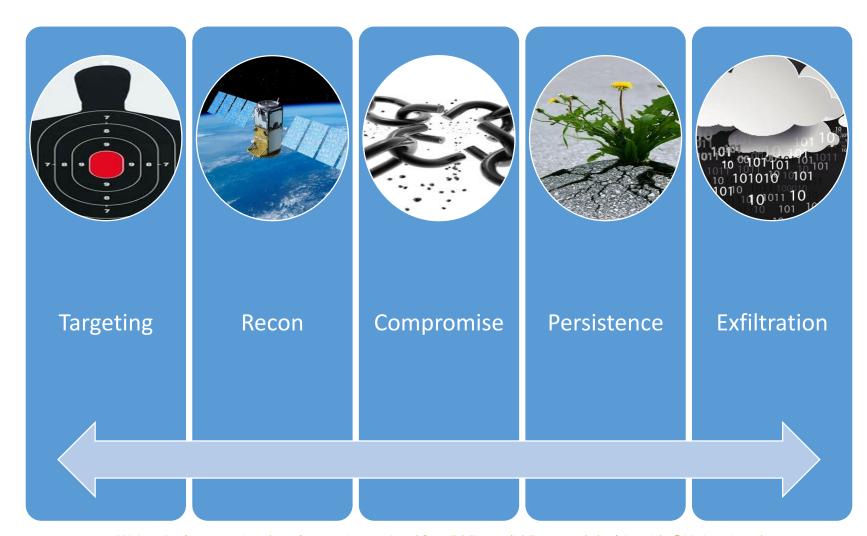
- Breach Notification Laws
- Regulatory Compliance Penalties & new hoops
- Downstream Liability
- Shareholder/Stakeholder Litigation



The Impact: Re-Victimization

- Soft Target for future
 - Black Market sale of your infrastructure info & "what worked"
- Did you get everything cleaned up in the first place?







- Average Time Intruder is in System:
 - 9 15 months

- Average Visibility:
 - 3 4 months
- 95% of time discovered by an external party



- Knee-Jerk Reaction:
 - "Get the bastards out of the systems...NOW!"
- No Consideration for:
 - Management's Big 4
 - How do we know we got everything?
 - How bad was the compromise, really?
 - What got compromised, specifically?
 - What are our notification obligations?



- Misbelief that CyberSecurity can be solved with:
 - Money
 - Technology

• Those things help...but it's much bigger than that!



Misbelief CyberSecurity is a once-and-done proposition

 Did I mention the bad guys are Evolved AND Evolving?



- IT Security is NOT an IT Problem
 - "It's the Users... Stupid!"





Why is IT Security so Hard?

- IT Security is not solely an IT Problem
 - Users
 - Convenience-Security Balance



- Training / Focus
 - What is IT put into place to do?



Protecting Yourself

What You Can Do...Starting Today



A 9 Step Program

- Change in Attitude
- Recognize Impacts of Not Being Secure
- "It Ain't Easy"
- Commit to Being Vigilant
- Establish a CyberSecurity Program
- Hold People Accountable for CyberSecurity
- Educate
- Provide Resources for CyberSecurity
- Plan for the Inevitable



Change in Attitude

- You MUST accept that you're a target...just because
 - Always-on connectivity
 - Opportunistic
 - You DO have SOMETHING that SOMEONE wants

"Vulnerable IP Address syndrome



The Price of Not Being Secure

- Hard Costs
 - Remediation
 - Investigation
 - Notification, Credit Monitoring & Call Center
 - Litigation & Penalties
- Soft Costs
 - Lost Productivity, time & wages for those involved
 - Loss of Business
 - Public Relations



BUILD A

SECURITY

CULTURE



"It ain't easy"

 Give up on the belief that CyberSecurity is easy and can be solved with money and is a one-time initiative.

- Most of the changes come down to:
 - Configuration
 - Attitude being vigilant
 - Paying attention
- Achieve a "culture of security"



Commit to Becoming Vigilant

- "Always On" means you need to become "Always Aware"
 - Question the out-of-the-ordinary
 - Ex. Log File Review of incident
 - Build new habits out of old
 - Ex. Review of e-mails for phishing attempts





Establish a CyberSecurity Program

- Understand your risks and prioritize them
- Assess/Audit your environment regularly
 - Understand your options:
 - DIY vs External Biases?
 - Types Vulnerability Scanning, Penetration Testing, Ethical Hacking, A&P, White-hat/Grey-hat hacking
- Layered approach & focus on external and internal
- Prioritize the results
- Remediate the issues



Hold People Accountable

- CyberSecurity isn't an IT issue it's everyone's issue
- Make sure everyone understands their part in the picture; hold them accountable for action & inaction
- Establish policies
- Ensure compliance





Educate

- People "don't know what they don't know"
- Need to sensitize them to what's out there





Provide Resources for CyberSecurity

- Resources need to be made available:
 - Tone at the Top
 - Time to research and remediate
 - Some money
- Don't fall into trap of believing "money solves everything"
- Don't believe vendor's claims that their "product" is the panacea.



Plan for the Inevitable

- The 6 Ps
- During an Incident is the WORST time to plan
- Need to know what steps to take
- Create an:
 - Incident Response/Data Breach Plan
 - Up-front (Now is a great time)





Q&A +

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Non-Profit Roadmap

- Designate one (and only one) person responsible for CyberSecurity
- Ensure web-site is secure (biggest face to the world)
- Understand who is using cloud-technology (Box, DropBox, etc.) and how it's secured
- Anonymize data, bi-furcate data
- Full-disk Encryption
- Security Awareness Now!